

Appendix 7C. Target Notes (Corresponding Photographs)

Photographs

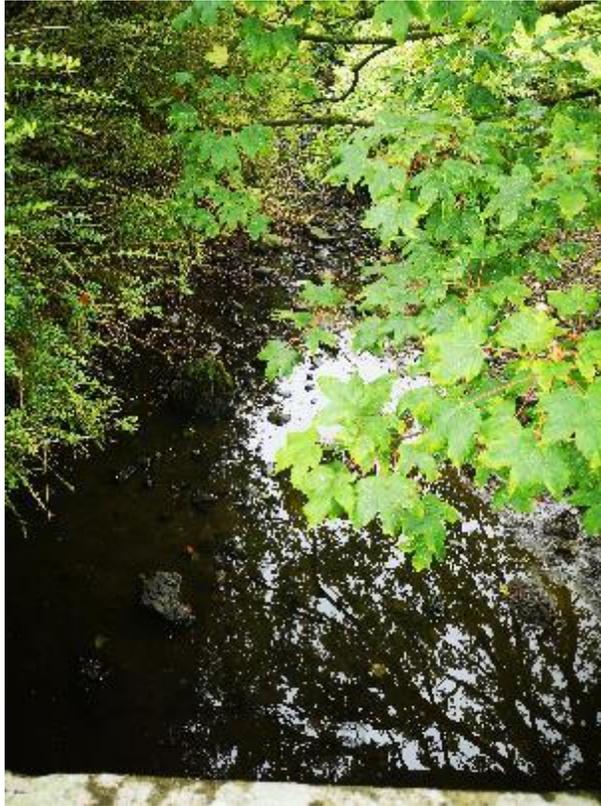


Photo 1. Watercourse at XC187 Fantstown



Photo 2. Hawthorn coppice at XC201 Thomastown



Photo 3. Depression in agricultural grassland field at XC201Thomastown



Photo 4. Stream at XC201Thomastown



Photo 5a. Wet ditch south east corner of field XC201 Thomastown

Photo 5b. Common frog in field at XC201 Thomastown

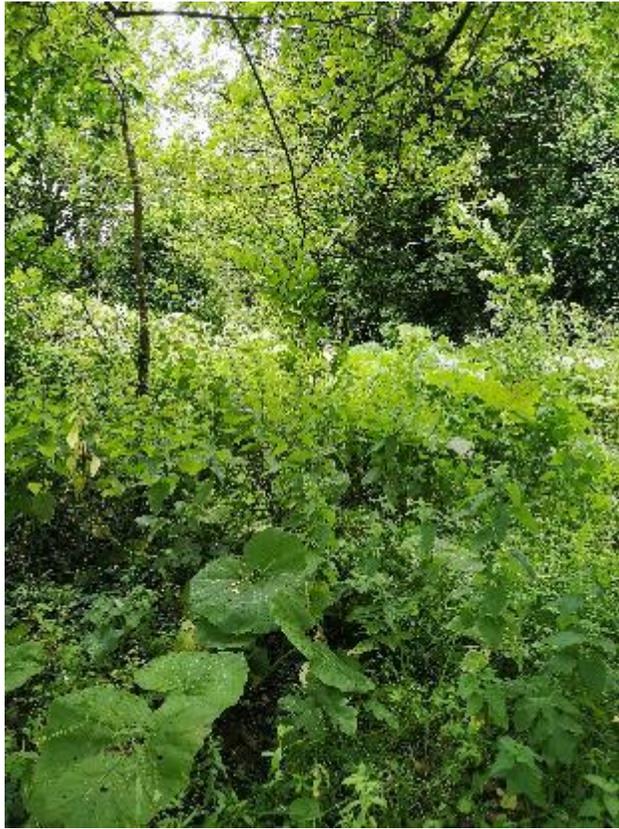


Photo 6. Mixed Broadleaved Woodland XC209 Ballyhay



Photo 7. Awbeg (Buttevant East) River at XC209 Ballyhay



Photo 8. Bridge at XC209 Ballyhay considered to have moderate to high potential to support roosting bats.



Photo 9. Field at XC209 Ballyhay ponded in the south-western corner



Photo 10. Alder plantation woodland at XC209 Ballyhay



Photo 11. Wet ditch bordering area of wet grassland and plantation woodland dominated by tall herbs including great willowherb and meadowsweet at XC209 Ballyhay.



Photo 12. Horse grazed field at XC209 Ballyhay.

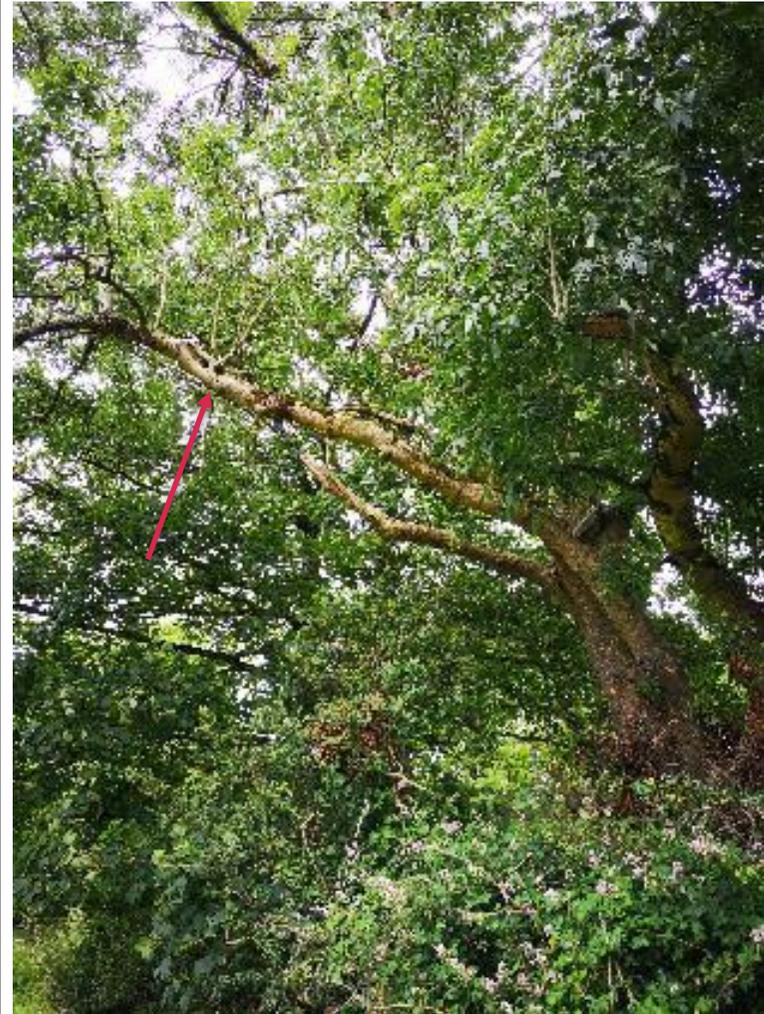


Photo 13. Treeline with PRF (moderate potential) at XC212 Ballycoskery. Tear out providing potential cavity in limb (see red arrow)

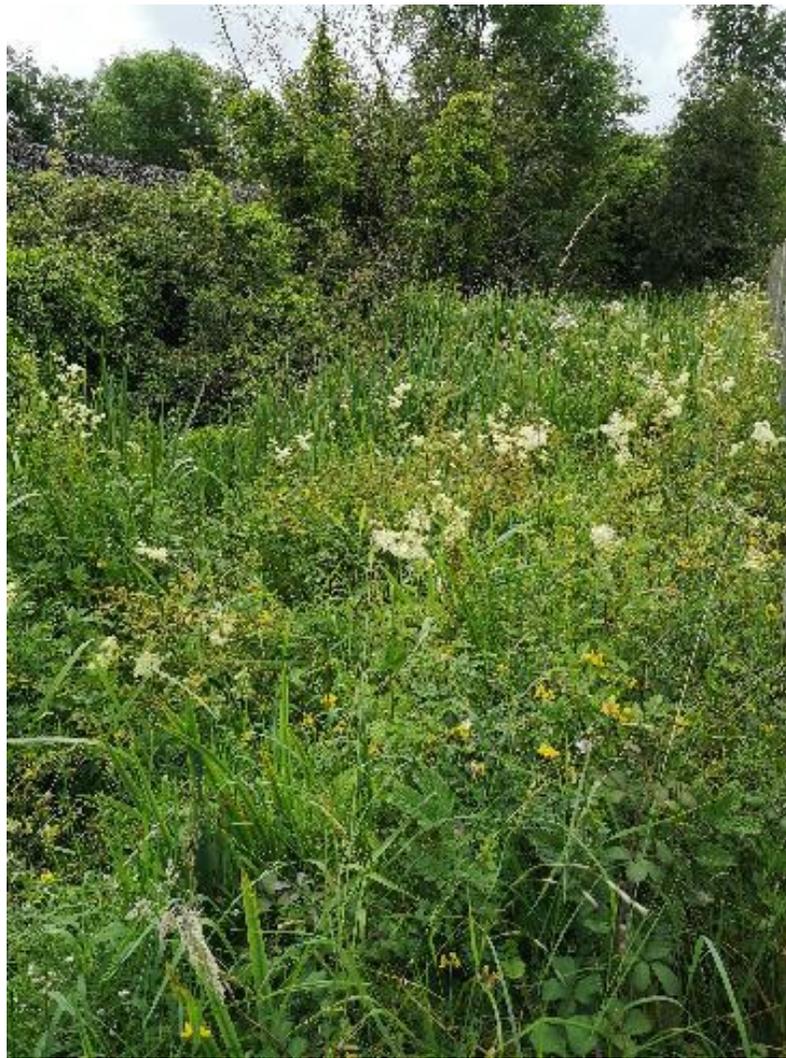


Photo 14. Tall herb swamp (FS2) links with EU HD Annex I habitat 6430 Hydrophilous tall herb at XC212 Ballycoskery.



Photo 15. Building at XC212 Ballycoskery with high bat roost potential.



Photo 16. Badger latrine with fresh dung recorded in hedgerow at XC215 Shinanagh.



Photo 17a. Japanese knotweed infestation along existing road, treatment is in place at XC215 Shinanagh.



Photo 17b. Japanese knotweed - fresh growth noted at the southern end of the road at XC215 Shinanagh.



Photo 18. Buildings at XC219 Buttevant with bat roost potential. Large old stone building/shed. Partial roof collapse and open at one end.



Photo 18b. Gaps around windowsill in old stone building/shed were considered to have high potential to support roosting bats at XC219 Buttevant.



Photo 19a. Area of species rich grassland (GS2) at XC219 Buttevant (see target note 35, Appendix 7B, Volume 5).



Photo 19b. Pyramidal orchid was abundant within the grassland at XC219 Buttevant (see target note 35, Appendix 7B, Volume 5).



Photo 19c. Red-tailed bumblebee (*Bombus lapidarius*) (see target note 35, Appendix 7B, Volume 5) at XC219 Buttevant.



Photo. 20a. Pepperhill River is a tributary of the River Awbeg. Otter signs (footprints) recorded under bridge/culvert along with other mammal prints at XC219 Buttevant.



Photo. 20b. Given the ephemeral nature of the watercourse (Pepperhill River) it is not considered suitable to support significant fish populations, however, the watercourse had suitable habitat to support white-clawed crayfish at XC219 Buttevant.



Photo 21. Point where Pepperhill River converges with the River Awebeg. Pepperhill and banks of Awebeg heavily vegetated at XC219 Buttevant.



Photo 22. Fields north of XC219 Buttevant crossing prone to flooding and were flooded at time of survey.



Photo 23: Existing treeline along the R522 at XC219 Buttevant to be retained (Google Maps, 2020)